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Organization of the sixty-first regular session of the General Assembly, adoption of the agenda and allocation of items

First report of the General Committee

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I. Introduction

1. At its 1st and 2nd meetings, on 12 September 2006, the General Committee considered a memorandum by the Secretary-General relating to the organization of the sixty-first regular session and future sessions of the General Assembly, the adoption of the agenda and the allocation of items (A/BUR/61/1 and Add.1). A summary of the discussions will appear in the summary records of the meetings (A/BUR/61/SR.1 and 2).

2. The General Committee took note of the provisions of the following resolutions which are reflected in the present document under the relevant sections:

(a) Annex I (Guidelines on the Rationalization of the Agenda of the General Assembly) to resolution 48/264 of 29 July 1994, entitled "Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly";

(b) The annex to resolution 51/241 of 31 July 1997, entitled "Strengthening of the United Nations system";

(c) Paragraph 1 of resolution 52/163 of 15 December 1997, entitled "Amendment to rule 103 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly";

(d) The annex to resolution 55/285 of 7 September 2001, entitled "Revitalization of the General Assembly: improving the efficiency of the General Assembly";

(e) Resolution 56/509 of 8 July 2002, entitled "Amendments to rules 30, 31 and 99 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly";

(f) Resolution 57/301 of 13 March 2003, entitled "Amendment to rule 1 of the rules of procedure of the General Assembly and opening date and duration of the general debate";

(g) Resolution 58/126 of 19 December 2003, entitled "Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly";

(h) Resolution 58/316 of 1 July 2004, entitled "Further measures for the revitalization of the work of the General Assembly";

(i) Resolution 59/313 of 12 September 2005, entitled "A strengthened and revitalized General Assembly";

(j) Resolution 60/286 of 8 September 2006, entitled "Revitalization of the General Assembly".

II. Organization of the session

A. General Committee

3. The General Committee took note of rule 40 of the rules of procedure and document A/56/1005 (paras. 9 and 10) pertaining to the functions of the Committee.

4. The General Committee also took note of paragraph 5 of the annex to resolution 58/316 pertaining to the functions of the General Committee, in particular subparagraphs (e) to (h), according to which the General Committee shall continue

to consider the further biennialization, triennialization, clustering and elimination of items of the customary agenda of the General Assembly; continue to schedule informal briefings on topical issues; recommend to the Assembly a programme of, and format for, interactive debates on the items of its agenda; and continue to consider ways and means to further improve its working methods to increase its efficiency and effectiveness in all aspects.

5. The General Committee also took note that, at the outset of each session, each Vice-President of the General Assembly should designate a liaison person for the duration of the session. This designation may be made by means of a letter to the President (resolution 55/285, annex, para. 20).

B. Rationalization of work

6. The General Committee took note of the following General Assembly resolutions in relation to the administrative and financial functioning of the Organization:

(a) Resolution 41/213 of 19 December 1986, entitled "Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations";

(b) Resolution 48/264 of 29 July 1994, entitled "Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly";

(c) Resolution 52/12 B of 19 December 1997, entitled "Renewing the United Nations: a programme for reform";

(d) Resolution 58/126 of 19 December 2003, entitled "Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly";

(e) Resolution 58/316 of 1 July 2004, entitled "Further measures for the revitalization of the work of the General Assembly";

(f) Resolution 59/313 of 12 September 2005, entitled "A strengthened and revitalized General Assembly";

(g) Resolution 60/286 of 8 September 2006, entitled "Revitalization of the General Assembly".

7. The General Committee also took note of paragraph 14 of the annex to resolution 55/285, which reads:

> 14. As regards implementation of paragraph 7 of the annex to resolution 51/241, the President of the General Assembly, after consideration by the Assembly of the report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization, shall inform the Assembly of his assessment of the debate on the report in order for the Assembly to determine the need for further action.

8. The General Committee draws to the attention of the General Assembly paragraph 3 of the annex to resolution 58/316 pertaining to the practices and working methods of the Main Committees.

9. The General Committee also draws to the attention of the General Assembly that the Main Committees shall meet in substantive session only after the end of the general debate and that the First Committee and the Special Political and Decolonization Committee (Fourth Committee) shall not meet simultaneously and

may consider meeting in a sequential manner during the regular session of the General Assembly. This arrangement shall not apply if it affects their respective identities, programmes of work and effective consideration of their agendas (resolution 51/241, annex, paras. 31 and 36).

C. Closing date of the session

10. The General Committee recommends to the General Assembly that the sixty-first session of the Assembly recess on Tuesday, 12 December 2006 and close on Monday, 17 September 2007 (rule 2 of the rules of procedure and para. 4 of annex V to the rules of procedure).

11. The General Committee also recommends to the General Assembly that, during the main part of the session, the First Committee complete its work by Tuesday, 31 October, the Sixth Committee by Thursday, 9 November, the Special Political and Decolonization Committee (Fourth Committee) by Thursday, 9 November, the Third Committee by Wednesday, 22 November, the Second Committee by Friday, 1 December and the Fifth Committee by Friday, 8 December 2006.[1]

D. Schedule of meetings

12. The General Committee took note of the fact that, in view of financial constraints, meetings at Headquarters are no longer serviced beyond 6 p.m. or on weekends, with the exception of the plenary of the General Assembly and the Security Council. Consequently, meetings of the Main Committees during the sixty-first session, including informal meetings, should start promptly at 10 a.m. and be adjourned by 6 p.m. on weekdays. The General Committee also took note of resolution 59/313, in which the General Assembly strongly urged all officers presiding over General Assembly meetings to start such meetings on time.

13. The General Committee took note of paragraph 1 (b) of the annex to resolution 58/316, which reads:

> (b) With effect from the fifty-ninth session of the General Assembly, the meetings of the plenary Assembly shall normally be held on Mondays and Thursdays.

14. Furthermore, the General Committee took note of the fact that measures introduced to reduce costs relating to overtime will be strictly enforced.

15. The General Committee recommends to the General Assembly that, in accordance with past practice, it waive the requirement that at least one third of the members of the Assembly in the case of plenary meetings and one quarter of the members of a Main Committee in the case of Main Committee meetings be present in order to declare a meeting open and to permit the debate to proceed. This recommendation is made on the understanding that such a waiver would not imply any permanent change in the provisions of rules 67 and 108 of the rules of

[1] A mandatory deadline, not later than 1 December, should be established for the submission to the Fifth Committee of all draft resolutions with financial implications (see para. 36).

procedure and that the requirement of the presence of a majority of the members for any decision to be taken would be maintained.

E. General debate

16. The General Committee draws to the attention of the General Assembly that the general debate for the sixty-first session shall begin at 11 a.m. on Tuesday, 19 September, pursuant to resolution 57/301, and shall be held without interruption over a period of nine working days until Friday, 29 September 2006. The General Committee also brings to the attention of the General Assembly that the list of speakers for each day shall be completed and no speakers will be transferred to the next day, notwithstanding the implications for hours of work. Furthermore, there shall be no time limits for the general debate but the General Assembly will indicate a voluntary guideline of up to 15 minutes for each statement.

17. The General Committee also brings to the attention of the General Assembly that, pursuant to paragraph 7 of the annex to resolution 58/126, the theme "Implementing a global partnership for development" has been proposed for the general debate at the sixty-first session.

F. Conduct of the meetings, length of statements, explanations of vote, right of reply, points of order and concluding statements

18. The General Committee draws the attention of the General Assembly to the relevant rules of procedure regarding the conduct of meetings, namely, rules 35, 68, 72, 73, 99 (b), 106, 109, 114 and 115.

19. The General Committee also draws to the attention of the General Assembly that explanations of vote should be limited to 10 minutes; that, when the same draft resolution is considered in a Main Committee and in plenary meeting, a delegation should, as far as possible, explain its vote only once, i.e., either in the Committee or in plenary meeting, unless that delegation's vote in plenary meeting is different from its vote in the Committee; and that delegations should exercise their right of reply at the end of the day whenever two meetings have been scheduled for that day and whenever such meetings are devoted to the consideration of the same item (decision 34/401, paras. 6-8 (A/520/Rev.15, annex VI)).

20. The General Committee recommends to the General Assembly that points of order be limited to five minutes.

21. With a view to streamlining the procedures of the General Assembly and as another cost-saving measure, the General Committee recommends to the General Assembly that it review the recommendations contained in paragraph 22 of the annex to resolution 51/241 and paragraph 23 of document A/52/855, regarding the length of statements.

22. The General Committee also recommends to the General Assembly that, in order to save time at the end of the session, the practice of making concluding statements in the General Assembly and its Main Committees should be dispensed with except for statements by the presiding officers (decision 34/401, para. 17 (A/520/Rev.15, annex VI)).

23. The General Committee brings to the attention of the General Assembly resolution 59/313, in which the Assembly invited Member States that are aligned with statements already made by the chair of a group of Member States, where possible, to focus additional interventions that they make in their national capacity on points that have not already been adequately addressed in the statements of the group in question, bearing in mind the sovereign right of each Member State to express its national position.

G. Records of meetings

24. The General Committee took note of the fact that, as at past sessions, during the sixty-first session verbatim records will continue to be provided for the plenary meetings of the General Assembly and the meetings of the First Committee, and summary records will be provided to the other Main Committees and the General Committee of the Assembly.

25. Furthermore, the General Committee draws to the attention of the General Assembly that the practice of reproducing statements in extenso as separate documents has been discontinued for all its subsidiary organs that are entitled to summary records and that any exceptions to this rule may be made by the body concerned only if the statements are to serve as bases for discussion and if, after hearing a statement of the relevant financial implications, the body decides that one or more statements in extenso may be included in the summary record, or reproduced as separate documents or as annexes to authorized documents (resolution 38/32 E, paras. 8 and 9).

26. The General Committee recommends to the General Assembly that the practice of not reproducing in extenso statements made in a Main Committee should be maintained for the sixty-first session.

H. Resolutions

27. The General Committee brings to the attention of the General Assembly that:

- Whenever possible, resolutions requesting the discussion of a question at a subsequent session should not call for the inclusion of a separate new item and such discussion should be held under the item under which the resolution was adopted (decision 34/401, para. 32 (A/520/Rev.15, annex VI)).
- Efforts should be made to reduce the number of resolutions adopted by the General Assembly. Resolutions should request reports of the Secretary-General only in cases where that would be indispensable for facilitating the implementation of these resolutions or the continued examination of the question.[2]
- In order to ensure that resolutions have greater political impact, they should be short, in particular as regards the preambular parts, and should focus more on action-oriented operative paragraphs (resolution 57/270 B, para. 69).

[2] *Official Records of the General Assembly, Forty-first Session, Supplement No. 49* (A/41/49), para. 21, recommendation 3 (f).

- Whenever possible, for the adoption by the General Assembly of agreed texts of resolutions and decisions, informal consultations should be carried out with the widest possible participation of Member States (resolution 45/45, annex, para. 1 (A/520/Rev.15/Amend.1, annex VIII, para. 1));
- The terms "takes note of" and "notes" are neutral terms that constitute neither approval nor disapproval (decision 55/488, annex).

28. The General Committee noted and decided to bring to the attention of the General Assembly that the Secretary-General encourages Member States to transmit all draft resolutions and decisions in electronic form as well as on paper; further encourages Member States to clearly indicate changes to previous resolutions in track change format, using the previous resolutions as a base text; and wishes to inform the Member States that the submitters are responsible for ensuring that the electronic and paper versions of the draft resolutions and decisions are identical in content.

I. Documentation

29. The General Committee draws to the attention of the General Assembly that the Assembly, including its Main Committees, should merely take note of those reports of the Secretary-General or subsidiary organs which do not require a decision by the Assembly and should neither debate nor adopt resolutions on them, unless specifically requested to do so by the Secretary-General or the organ concerned (decision 34/401, para. 28 (A/520/Rev.15, annex VI)).

30. The General Committee also draws the attention of the General Assembly to section III of resolution 57/283 B regarding the timely issuance of documents in the six official languages of the General Assembly. The General Committee further draws the attention of the General Assembly to resolution 59/313, in which the Assembly requested the Secretary-General to ensure that documentation and reports are issued well in advance, in keeping with the six-week rule for the issuance of official documentation simultaneously in all official languages.

31. The General Committee draws the attention of the General Assembly to resolutions 48/264 and 55/285, in which the Assembly emphasized that restraint should be exercised in making requests for new reports and requested more integrated reports, and to resolution 57/270 B, in which it recognized the need to avoid requesting duplicative reports from the Secretary-General.

32. The General Committee also draws to the attention of the General Assembly that:

- Resolutions should contain requests for observations from States or reports by the Secretary-General insofar as they are likely to facilitate the implementation of the resolutions or the continued examination of the question (resolution 45/45, annex, para. 10 (A/520/Rev.15/Amend.1, annex VIII, para. 10)).
- Member States and entities of the United Nations system should make a serious effort to submit their replies and inputs to requests for information or views pursuant to resolutions of the General Assembly within the prescribed deadlines (resolution 55/285, annex, para. 17).

- Member States, when seeking additional information, are encouraged to request that they be provided with the information either orally or, if in writing, in the form of information sheets, annexes, tables and the like (resolution 59/313, para. 17).

33. The General Committee further draws the attention of the General Assembly to paragraph 6 of the annex to resolution 58/316 and paragraphs 16 to 19 of resolution 59/313 concerning documentation.

J. Questions relating to the programme budget

34. The General Committee draws the attention of the General Assembly to rule 153 of the rules of procedure, which reads:

> No resolution involving expenditure shall be recommended by a committee for approval by the General Assembly unless it is accompanied by an estimate of expenditures prepared by the Secretary-General. No resolution in respect of which expenditures are anticipated by the Secretary-General shall be voted by the General Assembly until the Administrative and Budgetary Committee (Fifth Committee) has had an opportunity of stating the effect of the proposal upon the budget estimates of the United Nations.

35. The General Committee also draws the attention of the General Assembly to paragraphs 12 and 13 of decision 34/401 (A/520/Rev.15, annex VI), which read:

> 12. It is imperative that Main Committees should allow sufficient time for the preparation of the estimate of expenditures by the Secretariat and for its consideration by the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions and the Fifth Committee and that they should take this requirement into account when they adopt their programme of work.
>
> 13. Furthermore:
>
> (a) A mandatory deadline, not later than 1 December, should be established for the submission to the Fifth Committee of all draft resolutions with financial implications;
>
> (b) The Fifth Committee should, as a general practice, consider accepting without debate the recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions on the financial implications of draft resolutions up to a prescribed limit, namely, $25,000 on any one item;
>
> (c) Firm deadlines should be set for the early submission of the reports of subsidiary organs which require consideration by the Fifth Committee;
>
> (d) A minimum period of forty-eight hours should be allowed between the submission and the voting of a proposal involving expenditure in order to allow the Secretary-General to prepare and present the related statement of administrative and financial implications.

36. The General Committee further draws the attention of the General Assembly to regulation 5.9 of the Regulations and Rules Governing Programme Planning, the Programme Aspects of the Budget, the Monitoring of Implementation and the Methods of Evaluation (ST/SGB/2000/8; first adopted in resolution 37/234, annex; most recently amended in section III of resolution 53/207), which reads:

Regulation 5.9. No council, commission or other competent body shall take a decision involving either a change in the programme budget approved by the General Assembly or the possible requirement of expenditure unless it has received and taken account of a report from the Secretary-General on the programme budget implications of the proposal.

37. Furthermore, the General Committee draws the attention of the General Assembly to paragraph 6 of resolution 35/10 A, which reads:

> 6. *Decides* that all proposals affecting the schedule of conferences and meetings made at sessions of the General Assembly shall be reviewed by the Committee on Conferences when administrative implications are being considered under the requirements of rule 153 of the rules of procedure of the Assembly.

38. The General Committee also draws the attention of the General Assembly to section VI of resolution 45/248 B on procedures for administrative and budgetary matters, which states that the Assembly:

> 1. *Reaffirms* that the Fifth Committee is the appropriate Main Committee of the General Assembly entrusted with responsibilities for administrative and budgetary matters;
>
> 2. *Reaffirms also* the role of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;
>
> 3. *Expresses its concern* at the tendency of its substantive Committees and other intergovernmental bodies to involve themselves in administrative and budgetary matters;
>
> 4. *Invites* the Secretary-General to provide all intergovernmental bodies with the required information regarding procedures for administrative and budgetary matters.

39. The General Committee also draws the attention of the General Assembly to the views expressed by the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions on the use of the phrase "within available resources",[3] and to the report in which the Committee emphasized the responsibility of the Secretariat to inform the General Assembly thoroughly and accurately about whether there are enough resources to implement a new activity.[4]

(See also section III below.)

K. Observances and commemorative meetings

40. Considering past practice, the General Committee recommends to the General Assembly that it adopt a format for commemorative meetings that includes statements by the President of the General Assembly, the Secretary-General, the chairmen of the five regional groups and the representative of the host country.

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[3] Ibid., *Thirty-eighth Session, Supplement No. 7A* (A/38/7/Add. 1-23), document A/38/7/Add.16.

[4] Ibid., *Fifty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 7* (A/54/7).

L. Special conferences

41. The General Committee draws the attention of the General Assembly to the following:

- The Committee on Conferences recommended that the General Assembly should instruct the Main Committees to review the number of special conferences of the United Nations already proposed and scheduled in their respective fields of activity prior to deciding upon the scheduling of new and additional special conferences, thus bearing in mind the relevant portions of resolution 33/55 (recommendation 6 of the Committee on Conferences,[5] adopted by the Assembly in decision 34/405, para. (b)).

- The decision of the General Assembly that no more than five special conferences should take place in a given year and that no more than one special conference should be convened at the same time should be strictly implemented.[6]

- The existing principle that United Nations bodies should meet at their respective established headquarters, as provided for in resolution 40/243, should be strictly enforced. Whenever the Assembly accepts an invitation from the Government of a Member State to hold a conference or meeting away from established headquarters, the additional cost should be borne in full by that Government. The methods of budgeting these costs should be improved so as to ensure that all additional costs are accounted for.[7]

III. Observations on the organization of the work of the General Assembly

42. With regard to rule 153 of the rules of procedure, on the financial implications of resolutions, and paragraph 13 (d) of decision 34/401, which requires a minimum period of forty-eight hours before action is taken on a proposal so as to allow the Secretary-General to prepare the programme budget implications of drafts before the Assembly, the General Committee draws the attention of the Assembly to the fact that, in most cases, more than forty-eight hours are required for the Secretary-General to review the programme budget implications of proposals before the Assembly.

43. The General Committee also draws the attention of the Assembly to the fact that, in accordance with rule 78 of the rules of procedure, proposals have to be submitted well in advance of their consideration, in order to ensure that copies have been circulated not later than the day preceding the meeting at which they will be considered.

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[5] Ibid., *Thirty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 32* (A/34/32 and Corr.1), chap. VI.

[6] Ibid., *Forty-first Session, Supplement No. 49* (A/41/49), para. 21, recommendation 2 (d).

[7] Ibid., recommendation 4.

IV. Adoption of the agenda

44. The General Committee considered the draft agenda of the sixty-first session submitted by the Secretary-General in his memorandum (A/BUR/61/1 and Add.1). All proposals for the inclusion of items in the agenda of the sixty-first session have been communicated to Member States in the following documents:

(a) Provisional agenda of the sixty-first regular session (A/61/150);

(b) Supplementary list of items proposed for inclusion in the agenda of the sixty-first session (A/61/200);

(c) Requests for the inclusion of an additional item (A/61/231 and A/61/232).

45. The items proposed for inclusion are listed in the agenda which appears in paragraph 64 below.

46. In paragraph 2 (a) of the annex to resolution 58/316, the General Assembly decided, inter alia, that the agenda of the General Assembly should be organized under headings corresponding to the priorities of the Organization, as contained in the medium-term plan for the period 2002-2005 (or in the strategic framework, as appropriate), with an additional heading for "Organizational, administrative and other matters", for the purpose of giving a sense of structure to the work of the Assembly. For the period 2006-2007, the priorities are contained in paragraph 8 of resolution 59/278 of 23 December 2004.

47. The General Committee took note of the relevant resolutions pertaining to the review of the agenda, namely, annex I to resolution 48/264, the annex to resolution 51/241, the annex to resolution 55/285, paragraphs 2 and 4 of the annex to resolution 58/316, and paragraph 60 of resolution 57/270 B, in which the General Assembly stated that the General Committee should ensure better coordination of the agendas of the Second and Third Committees.

48. Bearing in mind the extremely heavy workload of the General Assembly and the need to make the most effective use of scarce resources, the General Committee took note of the suggestion by the Secretary-General to consider deferring to a later session items for which decisions or action are not required at the current session (resolution 51/241, annex, paras. 23-26).

49. The General Committee took note of decision 49/426 of 9 December 1994, whereby the General Assembly decided that the granting of observer status in the General Assembly should in the future be confined to States and to those intergovernmental organizations whose activities covered matters of interest to the Assembly.

50. In connection with item 38 of the draft agenda (Question of the Malagasy islands of Glorieuses, Juan de Nova, Europa and Bassas da India), the General Committee decided to recommend that the consideration of the item be deferred to the sixty-second session and that the item be included in the provisional agenda of that session.

51. With regard to item 41 of the draft agenda (A proactive role for the United Nations in maintaining peace and security in East Asia), the General Committee decided not to recommend its inclusion in the agenda of the sixty-first session.[8]

52. With regard to item 42 of the draft agenda (Protracted conflicts in the GUAM area and their implications for international peace, security and development), the General Committee decided not to recommend its inclusion in the agenda of the sixty-first session.

53. In connection with item 114 of the draft agenda (Report of the Peacebuilding Commission), the General Committee decided to recommend its inclusion under heading A (Maintenance of international peace and security).

54. In connection with item 149 of the draft agenda (Report of the Human Rights Council), the General Committee decided to recommend its inclusion under heading D (Promotion of human rights).

55. In connection with item 151 of the draft agenda (Observer status for the OPEC Fund for International Development in the General Assembly), the General Committee decided not to recommend its inclusion in the agenda of the sixty-first session.[9]

56. In connection with item 152 of the draft agenda (The rule of law at the national and international levels), the General Committee decided to recommend its inclusion under heading F (Promotion of justice and international law).

57. With regard to item 153 of the draft agenda (Observer status for the Collaborative Intergovernmental Scientific Research Institute in the General Assembly), the General Committee decided not to recommend its inclusion in the agenda of the sixty-first session.[9]

58. In connection with item 154 of the draft agenda (International Year of Reconciliation, 2009), the General Committee decided to recommend its inclusion under heading I (Organizational, administrative and other matters).

59. In connection with item 155 of the draft agenda (Question of the representation and participation of the 23 million people of Taiwan in the United Nations), the General Committee decided not to recommend its inclusion in the agenda of the sixtieth session.[10]

60. In connection with item 156 of the draft agenda (Financing of the United Nations Integrated Mission in Timor-Leste), the General Committee decided to recommend its inclusion under heading I (Organizational, administrative and other matters).

61. In connection with item 157 of the draft agenda (Report of the Secretary-General on the Peacebuilding Fund), the General Committee decided to recommend its inclusion under heading I (Organizational, administrative and other matters).

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[8] The General Committee considered item 41 jointly with item 155.

[9] By recommending the inclusion in the agenda of item 158, the General Committee decided that this request would be considered under that item.

[10] The General Committee considered item 155 jointly with item 41.

62. In connection with item 158 of the draft agenda (Requests for observer status in the General Assembly), the General Committee decided to recommend its inclusion under heading I (Organizational, administrative and other matters).

63. In connection with an item proposed by the representatives of Costa Rica and Iraq (Follow-up to the recommendations on administrative management and internal oversight of the Independent Inquiry Committee into the United Nations Oil-for-Food Programme), the General Committee decided to recommend its inclusion under heading I (Organizational, administrative and other matters).

64. Taking into account paragraphs 46 to 63 above, the General Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following agenda:

Agenda organized under headings corresponding to the priorities of the Organization

1. Opening of the session by the President of the General Assembly.
2. Minute of silent prayer or meditation.
3. Credentials of representatives to the sixty-first session of the General Assembly:
   (a) Appointment of the members of the Credentials Committee;
   (b) Report of the Credentials Committee.
4. Election of the President of the General Assembly.[11]
5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.[11]
6. Election of the Vice-Presidents of the General Assembly.[11]
7. Organization of work, adoption of the agenda and allocation of items: reports of the General Committee.
8. General debate.

A. Maintenance of international peace and security

9. Report of the Security Council.
10. The role of diamonds in fuelling conflict.
11. Prevention of armed conflict.
12. The situation in Central America: progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development.[12]
13. The situation in the Middle East.
14. Question of Palestine.

[11] In accordance with rule 30 of the rules of procedure, as amended by resolution 56/509, the General Assembly will hold these elections for its sixty-first session at least three months before the opening of that session.

[12] This item remains on the agenda for consideration upon notification by a Member State.

15. Zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic.

16. The situation in Afghanistan.

17. The situation in the occupied territories of Azerbaijan.

18. Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba.

19. Question of Cyprus.[12]

20. Armed aggression against the Democratic Republic of the Congo.[12]

21. Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas).[12]

22. The situation of democracy and human rights in Haiti.[12]

23. Armed Israeli aggression against the Iraqi nuclear installations and its grave consequences for the established international system concerning the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and international peace and security.[12]

24. Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait.[12]

25. Declaration of the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity on the aerial and naval military attack against the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya by the present United States Administration in April 1986.[12]

26. Report of the Peacebuilding Commission.

27. University for Peace.

28. Effects of atomic radiation.

29. International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space.

30. United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East.

31. Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories.

32. Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects.

33. Questions relating to information.

34. Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories transmitted under Article 73 *e* of the Charter of the United Nations.

35. Economic and other activities which affect the interests of the peoples of the Non-Self-Governing Territories.

36. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations.

37. Offers by Member States of study and training facilities for inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories.

38. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples.

39. Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources.

40. Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions.

B. Promotion of sustained economic growth and sustainable development in accordance with the relevant resolutions of the General Assembly and recent United Nations conferences

41. Report of the Economic and Social Council.

42. Return or restitution of cultural property to the countries of origin.

43. Culture of peace.

44. The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global human order.

45. Follow-up to the outcome of the twenty-sixth special session: implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS.

46. Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields.

47. 2001-2010: Decade to Roll Back Malaria in Developing Countries, Particularly in Africa.

48. Sport for peace and development.

49. Information and communication technologies for development.

50. Macroeconomic policy questions:

    (a) International trade and development;

    (b) International financial system and development;

    (c) External debt crisis and development;

    (d) Commodities.

51. Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the International Conference on Financing for Development.

52. Sustainable development:

    (a) Implementation of Agenda 21, the Programme for the Further Implementation of Agenda 21 and the outcomes of the World Summit on Sustainable Development;

    (b) Follow-up to and implementation of the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States;

(c) International Strategy for Disaster Reduction;

(d) Protection of global climate for present and future generations of mankind;

(e) Implementation of the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in Those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in Africa;

(f) Convention on Biological Diversity;

(g) Report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme on its ninth special session.

53. Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat).

54. Globalization and interdependence:

(a) Globalization and interdependence;

(b) International migration and development;

(c) Culture and development;

(d) Preventing and combating corrupt practices and transfer of assets of illicit origin and returning such assets, in particular to the countries of origin, consistent with the United Nations Convention against Corruption;

(e) Integration of the economies in transition into the world economy.

55. Groups of countries in special situations:

(a) Third United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries;

(b) Specific actions related to the particular needs and problems of landlocked developing countries: outcome of the International Ministerial Conference of Landlocked and Transit Developing Countries and Donor Countries and International Financial and Development Institutions on Transit Transport Cooperation.

56. Eradication of poverty and other development issues:

(a) Implementation of the first United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (1997-2006);

(b) Industrial development cooperation.

57. Operational activities for development: operational activities for development of the United Nations system.

58. Training and research:

(a) United Nations University;

(b) United Nations Institute for Training and Research.

59. Social development:

(a) Implementation of the outcome of the World Summit for Social Development and of the twenty-fourth special session of the General Assembly;

(b) Social development, including questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family;

(c) United Nations Literacy Decade: education for all;

(d) Follow-up to the International Year of Older Persons: Second World Assembly on Ageing.

60. Advancement of women:

(a) Advancement of women;

(b) Implementation of the outcome of the Fourth World Conference on Women and of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly.

C. Development of Africa

61. New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support:

(a) New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support;

(b) Causes of conflict and the promotion of durable peace and sustainable development in Africa.

D. Promotion of human rights

62. Promotion and protection of the rights of children:

(a) Promotion and protection of the rights of children;

(b) Follow-up to the outcome of the special session on children.

63. Indigenous issues:

(a) Indigenous issues;

(b) Second International Decade of the World's Indigenous People.

64. Elimination of racism and racial discrimination:

(a) Elimination of racism and racial discrimination;

(b) Comprehensive implementation of and follow-up to the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action.

65. Right of peoples to self-determination.

66. Promotion and protection of human rights:

(a) Implementation of human rights instruments;

(b) Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms;

(c) Human rights situations and reports of special rapporteurs and representatives;

(d) Comprehensive implementation of and follow-up to the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action.

67. Report of the Human Rights Council.

E. Effective coordination of humanitarian assistance efforts

68. Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance:

(a) Strengthening of the coordination of emergency humanitarian assistance of the United Nations;

(b) Special economic assistance to individual countries or regions;

(c) Participation of volunteers, "White Helmets", in the activities of the United Nations in the field of humanitarian relief, rehabilitation and technical cooperation for development;

(d) Assistance to the Palestinian people.

F. Promotion of justice and international law

69. Report of the International Court of Justice.

70. Oceans and the law of the sea:

(a) Oceans and the law of the sea;

(b) Sustainable fisheries, including through the 1995 Agreement for the Implementation of the Provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 relating to the Conservation and Management of Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks, and related instruments.

71. Report of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994.

72. Report of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991.

73. Report of the International Criminal Court.

74. Status of the Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and relating to the protection of victims of armed conflicts.

75. Consideration of effective measures to enhance the protection, security and safety of diplomatic and consular missions and representatives.

76. Report of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law on the work of its thirty-ninth session.

77. Report of the International Law Commission on the work of its fifty-eighth session.

78. Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization.

79. The rule of law at the national and international levels.

G. Disarmament

80. Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency.

81. Reduction of military budgets.

82. Maintenance of international security — good-neighbourliness, stability and development in South-Eastern Europe.

83. Verification in all its aspects, including the role of the United Nations in the field of verification.

84. Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security.

85. Role of science and technology in the context of international security and disarmament.

86. Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East.

87. Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons.

88. Prevention of an arms race in outer space.

89. General and complete disarmament:

(a) Notification of nuclear tests;

(b) Missiles;

(c) Measures to uphold the authority of the 1925 Geneva Protocol;

(d) Mongolia's international security and nuclear-weapon-free status;

(e) Consolidation of peace through practical disarmament measures;

(f) Disarmament and non-proliferation education;

(g) Towards a nuclear-weapon-free world: accelerating the implementation of nuclear disarmament commitments;

(h) Nuclear-weapon-free southern hemisphere and adjacent areas;

(i) Promotion of multilateralism in the area of disarmament and non-proliferation;

(j) Observance of environmental norms in the drafting and implementation of agreements on disarmament and arms control;

(k) Relationship between disarmament and development;

(l) The Hague Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation;

(m) Regional disarmament;

(n) Confidence-building measures in the regional and subregional context;

(o) Transparency and confidence-building measures in outer space activities;

(p) Implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Destruction;

(q) Nuclear disarmament;

(r) Assistance to States for curbing the illicit traffic in small arms and light weapons and collecting them;

(s) Problems arising from the accumulation of conventional ammunition stockpiles in surplus;

(t) Conventional arms control at the regional and subregional levels;

(u) Follow-up to the advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice on the *Legality of the Threat or Use of Nuclear Weapons*;

(v) Measures to prevent terrorists from acquiring weapons of mass destruction;

(w) Reducing nuclear danger;

(x) Implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-personnel Mines and on Their Destruction;

(y) The illicit trade in small arms and light weapons in all its aspects;

(z) Information on confidence-building measures in the field of conventional arms;

(aa) Transparency in armaments;

(bb) Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in Central Asia;

(cc) United Nations conference to identify ways of eliminating nuclear dangers in the context of nuclear disarmament;

(dd) Convening of the fourth special session of the General Assembly devoted to disarmament.

90. Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly:

(a) United Nations disarmament fellowship, training and advisory services;

(b) United Nations Disarmament Information Programme;

(c) United Nations regional centres for peace and disarmament;

(d) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace, Disarmament and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean;

(e) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Asia and the Pacific;

(f) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Africa;

(g) Regional confidence-building measures: activities of the United Nations Standing Advisory Committee on Security Questions in Central Africa;

(h) Convention on the Prohibition of the Use of Nuclear Weapons.

91. Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session:

(a) Advisory Board on Disarmament Matters;

(b) United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research;

(c) Report of the Conference on Disarmament;

(d) Report of the Disarmament Commission.

92. The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East.

93. Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects.

94. Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region.

95. Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty.

96. Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction.

H. Drug control, crime prevention and combating international terrorism in all its forms and manifestations

97. Crime prevention and criminal justice.

98. International drug control.

99. Measures to eliminate international terrorism.

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

100. Notification by the Secretary-General under Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Charter of the United Nations.

101. Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization.

102. Elections to fill vacancies in principal organs:

(a) Election of five non-permanent members of the Security Council;

(b) Election of eighteen members of the Economic and Social Council.

103. Appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

104. Elections to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other elections:

(a) Election of seven members of the Committee for Programme and Coordination;

(b) Election of thirty members of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law;

(c) Election of the members of the International Law Commission;

(d) Election of two members of the Organizational Committee of the Peacebuilding Commission;

(e) Election of fourteen members of the Human Rights Council.

105. Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments:

(a) Appointment of members of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;

(b) Appointment of members of the Committee on Contributions;

(c) Confirmation of the appointment of members of the Investments Committee;

(d) Appointment of members of the United Nations Administrative Tribunal;

(e) Appointment of members of the International Civil Service Commission:

(i) Appointment of members of the Commission;

(ii) Designation of the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman of the Commission;

(f) Appointment of members of the Committee on Conferences;

(g) Appointment of the members of the Consultative Committee of the United Nations Development Fund for Women;

(h) Appointment of members of the Joint Inspection Unit.

106. Admission of new Members to the United Nations.

107. Cooperation between the United Nations and regional and other organizations:

(a) Cooperation between the United Nations and the African Union;

(b) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Asian-African Legal Consultative Organization;

(c) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Association of Southeast Asian Nations;

(d) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Black Sea Economic Cooperation Organization;

(e) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Caribbean Community;

(f) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Community of Portuguese-speaking Countries;

(g) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Council of Europe;

(h) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Economic Community of Central African States;

(i) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Economic Cooperation Organization;

(j) Cooperation between the United Nations and the International Organization of la Francophonie;

(k) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Inter-Parliamentary Union;

(l) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Latin American Economic System;

(m) Cooperation between the United Nations and the League of Arab States;

(n) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons;

(o) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe;

(p) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of American States;

(q) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference;

(r) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Pacific Islands Forum;

(s) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Preparatory Commission for the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty Organization;

(t) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Southern African Development Community.

108. Implementation of the resolutions of the United Nations.

109. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly.

110. Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council and related matters.

111. Strengthening of the United Nations system.

112. Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit.

113. Multilingualism.

114. Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors:

(a) United Nations;

(b) United Nations Development Programme;

(c) United Nations Children's Fund;

(d) United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East;

(e) United Nations Institute for Training and Research;

(f) Voluntary funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;

(g) Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme;

(h) United Nations Population Fund;

(i) United Nations Human Settlements Programme;

(j) Fund of the United Nations International Drug Control Programme;

(k) United Nations Office for Project Services;

(l) International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991;

(m) International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994;

(n) Capital master plan.

115. Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations.

116. Programme budget for the biennium 2006-2007.

117. Programme planning.

118. Improving the financial situation of the United Nations.

119. Administrative and budgetary coordination of the United Nations with the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency.

120. Pattern of conferences.

121. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations.

122. Human resources management.

123. Joint Inspection Unit.

124. United Nations common system.

125. United Nations pension system.

126. Report on the activities of the Office of Internal Oversight Services.

127. Administration of justice at the United Nations.

128. Financing of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in

the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994.

129. Financing of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991.

130. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of United Nations peacekeeping operations.

131. Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations.

132. Financing of the United Nations Operation in Burundi.

133. Financing of the United Nations Operation in Côte d'Ivoire.

134. Financing of the United Nations Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus.

135. Financing of the United Nations Organization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

136. Financing of the United Nations Mission in East Timor.

137. Financing of the United Nations Mission of Support in East Timor.

138. Financing of the United Nations Mission in Ethiopia and Eritrea.

139. Financing of the United Nations Observer Mission in Georgia.

140. Financing of the United Nations Stabilization Mission in Haiti.

141. Financing of the United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo.

142. Financing of the United Nations Mission in Liberia.

143. Financing of the United Nations peacekeeping forces in the Middle East:

(a) United Nations Disengagement Observer Force;

(b) United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon.

144. Financing of the United Nations Mission in Sierra Leone.

145. Financing of the United Nations Mission in the Sudan.

146. Financing of the United Nations Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

147. Report of the Committee on Relations with the Host Country.

148. United Nations reform: measures and proposals.[13]

149. International Year of Reconciliation, 2009.

150. Financing of the United Nations Integrated Mission in Timor-Leste.

151. Report of the Secretary-General on the Peacebuilding Fund.

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[13] At its fifty-fifth session, the General Assembly decided that this item should be considered biennially as from the fifty-sixth session (resolution 55/285 of 7 September 2001). The item has been included in the agenda of the sixty-first session as a result of the adoption of resolutions 60/260 of 8 May 2006 and 60/283 of 7 July 2006 and decision 60/551 C of 7 July 2006.

152. Requests for observer status in the General Assembly.

153. Follow-up to the recommendations on administrative management and internal oversight of the Independent Inquiry Committee into the United Nations Oil-for-Food Programme.

V. Allocation of items

65. The allocation of items described in paragraph 77 below is based on the pattern adopted by the General Assembly for those items in previous years and organized under the headings of the agenda in paragraph 64 above. The General Committee took note of the relevant resolutions and decisions dealing with guidelines for the allocation of items, namely, decision 34/401 (A/520/Rev.15, annex VI), resolution 39/88 B, resolution 45/45 (A/520/Rev.15 and Amend. 1, annexes VII and VIII), annex I to resolution 48/264 and the annex to resolution 51/241.

66. The General Committee also took note of subparagraphs 4 (c), (d), (e), (g), (i) and (k) of the annex to resolution 58/316, relevant to the allocation of items for the sixty-first session.

67. The General Committee further took note that any request by an organization for the granting of observer status in the General Assembly will be considered in plenary meeting after the consideration of the issue by the Sixth Committee of the Assembly (resolution 54/195).

68. Taking into account the recommendations in section IV above regarding the adoption of the agenda, the General Committee approved the allocation of items contained in paragraph 71 of the memorandum by the Secretary-General (A/BUR/61/1) and in paragraph 6 of the addendum to the memorandum by the Secretary-General (A/BUR/61/1/Add.1).

69. **Plenary meetings**

(a) **Item 26** (Report of the Peacebuilding Commission). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that this item should be considered in plenary meeting.

(b) **Item 41** (Report of the Economic and Social Council). The General Committee took note of paragraph 4 (c) of the annex to resolution 58/316 and decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item in its entirety should be considered in plenary meeting, on the understanding that the administrative, programme and budgetary aspects should be dealt with by the Fifth Committee. The General Committee also took note of the clarification that, in implementing resolution 58/316, the relevant parts of chapter I of the report of the Economic and Social Council will be considered by the Main Committees concerned, under agenda items already allocated to them, for final action by the Assembly.

(c) **Item 46** (Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields). The General Committee took note of resolution 57/270 B, in which the Assembly decided to consider under this item the chapters of the annual report of the Economic and Social Council relevant to the integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United

Nations conferences and summits, including through the participation in its discussions of the President of the Council.

(d) **Item 46** (Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields) and **item 112** (Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit). The General Committee took note of resolution 60/265 of 30 June 2006, in which the Assembly decided to dedicate a specific meeting focused on development, including an assessment of progress over the previous year, at each session of the General Assembly during the debate on the follow-up to the Millennium Declaration and the 2005 World Summit Outcome.

(e) **Item 46** (Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields), **item 112** (Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit) and **item 148** (United Nations reform: measures and proposals). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that these items also be allocated to the Fifth Committee, for consideration of the relevant reports of the Secretary-General.

(f) **Item 101** (Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization). As at previous sessions, the General Assembly will hear a brief presentation by the Secretary-General on his annual report[14] as the first item in the morning prior to the opening of the general debate on Tuesday, 19 September 2006.

(g) **Item 109** (Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly). The General Committee took note of resolution 58/316 and, in order to facilitate the work of the Main Committees, decided to recommend that the General Assembly also allocate item 109 to all the Main Committees for the sole purpose of considering and taking action on their respective tentative programme of work.

(h) **Item 149** (International Year of Reconciliation, 2009). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that this item be considered in plenary meeting.

(i) **Item 151** (Report of the Secretary-General on the Peacebuilding Fund). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that this item be considered directly in plenary meeting.

(j) **Item 153** (Follow-up to the recommendations on administrative management and internal oversight of the Independent Inquiry Committee into the United Nations Oil-for-Food Programme). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that this item be considered directly in plenary meeting.

70. **First Committee**

Item 89 (General and complete disarmament). The General Committee took note of the fact that some portions of the annual report of the International Atomic Energy Agency, which is to be considered directly in plenary meetings under item 80, deal with the subject matter of this item, and decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the relevant paragraphs of the report be drawn to the attention of the First Committee in connection with its consideration of item 89.

[14] *Official Records of the General Assembly, Sixty-first Session, Supplement No. 1* (A/61/1).

71. **Special Political and Decolonization Committee (Fourth Committee)**

Item 32 (Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects). The General Committee took note of decision 60/502 B of 8 September 2006, by which the General Assembly decided that the consideration of the report of the Group of Legal Experts under this item would be postponed to the sixty-first session and that the report would be transmitted to the Sixth Committee at that session in the light of resolution 60/263 of 6 June 2006.

72. **Second Committee**

(a) **Item 54 (b)** (International migration and development). The General Committee takes note of paragraph 9 of resolution 58/208 of 23 December 2003, in which the General Assembly decided that in 2006 the Assembly will devote a high-level dialogue to international migration and development, in accordance with the rules and procedures of the Assembly. The General Committee also took note of paragraph 1 of resolution 60/227 of 23 December 2005, in which the Assembly decided that the High-level Dialogue on International Migration and Development be held in New York on 14 and 15 September 2006.

(b) **Item 55 (a)** (Third United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries). The General Committee took note of paragraph 5 of resolution 59/244 of 22 December 2004 and decision 60/556 of 16 May 2006, in which the General Assembly decided to convene the high-level meeting on the midterm comprehensive global review of the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the Decade 2001-2010 in New York on 18 September 2006, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and from 3 p.m. to 6 p.m., as well as on 19 September 2006, from 9 a.m. to 10 a.m., to be chaired by the President of the General Assembly.

(c) **Item 56 (a)** (Implementation of the first United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (1997-2006)). The General Committee took note of paragraph 9 of resolution 59/246 of 22 December 2004, in which the General Assembly decided to devote one plenary meeting at its sixty-first session to the consideration of the outcome of and follow-up to the International Year of Microcredit, with a view to broadening and deepening the discussion about microcredit and microfinance.

73. **Third Committee**

Item 60 (Advancement of women). The General Committee took note of paragraph 16 of the annex to resolution 39/125 concerning the United Nations Development Fund for Women, which reads:

> 16. *Taking into account* the advice of the Consultative Committee, the Administrator shall submit to the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme an annual report on the operations, management and budget of the Fund. He shall submit a similar report to the General Assembly, to be referred to the Second Committee for consideration of its technical cooperation aspects and also to the Third Committee.

The General Committee therefore decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the report be referred to the Second Committee for consideration under item 57 (Operational activities for development).

74. **Fifth Committee**

(a) **Item 117** (Programme planning). The General Committee took note of paragraph 4 of resolution 60/257 of 8 May 2006, by which the Assembly requested the General Committee to take fully into account resolutions 56/253, 57/282 and 59/275 in the allocation of agenda items to the Main Committees. The General Committee also took note of paragraph 9 of resolution 60/257, by which the Assembly took note of the report of the Office of Internal Oversight Services (A/60/73) and encouraged intergovernmental bodies to make use of the findings in the programme performance report of the Secretary-General and evaluation reports in planning and policymaking. On that basis, the General Committee decided to recommend that the General Assembly also allocate item 117 to all the Main Committees and the plenary of the General Assembly to enhance discussion of evaluation, planning, budgeting and monitoring reports.

(b) **Item 127** (Administration of justice at the United Nations). The General Committee took note of paragraphs 47, 50 and 52 of resolution 59/283 of 13 April 2005, in which the General Assembly requested the Secretary-General to establish a panel of external and independent experts to consider redesigning the system of administration of justice at the United Nations, decided that the panel should submit its findings and recommendations by the end of July 2006 and requested the Secretary-General to submit his comments on the recommendations contained in the panel's report, along with the estimate of time and resources needed for their implementation, to the Assembly at the first part of its resumed sixty-first session. The General Committee decided to recommend to the Assembly that this item be allocated to the Fifth Committee for its consideration, and to the Sixth Committee for the purpose of considering the legal aspects, both institutional and procedural, of the matter.

(c) **Item 150** (Financing of the United Nation Integrated Mission in Timor-Leste). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that this item be allocated to the Fifth Committee.

75. **Sixth Committee**

(a) **Item 79** (The rule of law at the national and international levels). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item be allocated to the Sixth Committee.

(b) **Item 152** (Requests for observer status in the General Assembly). The General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item be allocated to the Sixth Committee.

Other matters

76. The General Committee decided to defer its recommendation on the allocation of item 67 (Report of the Human Rights Council).

77. Taking into account paragraphs 65 to 76 above, the General Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of the following allocation of items:[15]

[15] The numbers are those of the items of the agenda in paragraph 64 above.

Plenary meetings

1. Opening of the session by the President of the General Assembly.
2. Minute of silent prayer or meditation.
3. Credentials of representatives to the sixty-first session of the General Assembly:
   (a) Appointment of the members of the Credentials Committee;
   (b) Report of the Credentials Committee.
4. Election of the President of the General Assembly.
6. Election of the Vice-Presidents of the General Assembly.
7. Organization of work, adoption of the agenda and allocation of items: reports of the General Committee.
8. General debate.

A. Maintenance of international peace and security

9. Report of the Security Council.
10. The role of diamonds in fuelling conflict.
11. Prevention of armed conflict.
12. The situation in Central America: progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development.[12]
13. The situation in the Middle East.
14. Question of Palestine.
15. Zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic.
16. The situation in Afghanistan.
17. The situation in the occupied territories of Azerbaijan.
18. Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba.
19. Question of Cyprus.[12]
20. Armed aggression against the Democratic Republic of the Congo.[12]
21. Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas).[12]
22. The situation of democracy and human rights in Haiti.[12]
23. Armed Israeli aggression against the Iraqi nuclear installations and its grave consequences for the established international system concerning the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and international peace and security.[12]
24. Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait.[12]
25. Declaration of the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity on the aerial and naval military attack against

the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya by the present United States Administration in April 1986.[12]

26. Report of the Peacebuilding Commission (see para. 69 (a)).

B. Promotion of sustained economic growth and sustainable development in accordance with the relevant resolutions of the General Assembly and recent United Nations conferences

41. Report of the Economic and Social Council (see para. 69 (b)).

42. Return or restitution of cultural property to the countries of origin.[16]

43. Culture of peace.

44. The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global human order.

45. Follow-up to the outcome of the twenty-sixth special session: implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS.

46. Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields (see para. 69 (c)-(e)).

47. 2001-2010: Decade to Roll Back Malaria in Developing Countries, Particularly in Africa.

48. Sport for peace and development.

54. Globalization and interdependence (see para. 72 (a)):

(b) International migration and development.

55. Groups of countries in special situations (see para. 72 (b)):

(a) Third United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries.

56. Eradication of poverty and other development issues (see para. 72 (c)):

(a) Implementation of the first United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (1997-2006).

C. Development of Africa

61. New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support:

(a) New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support;

(b) Causes of conflict and the promotion of durable peace and sustainable development in Africa.

E. Effective coordination of humanitarian assistance efforts

68. Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance:[17]

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[16] This item is included in the agenda of the sixty-first session in accordance with paragraph 4 (d) of the annex to resolution 58/316.

[17] For sub-items (b) and (c), see Second Committee.

(a) Strengthening of the coordination of emergency humanitarian assistance of the United Nations;

(d) Assistance to the Palestinian people.

F. Promotion of justice and international law

69. Report of the International Court of Justice.

70. Oceans and the law of the sea:

(a) Oceans and the law of the sea;

(b) Sustainable fisheries, including through the 1995 Agreement for the Implementation of the Provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 relating to the Conservation and Management of Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks, and related instruments.

71. Report of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994.

72. Report of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991.

73. Report of the International Criminal Court.

G. Disarmament

80. Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency (see para. 70).

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

100. Notification by the Secretary-General under Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Charter of the United Nations.

101. Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization (see para. 69 (f)).

102. Elections to fill vacancies in principal organs:

(a) Election of five non-permanent members of the Security Council;

(b) Election of eighteen members of the Economic and Social Council.

103. Appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

104. Elections to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other elections:

(a) Election of seven members of the Committee for Programme and Coordination;

(b) Election of thirty members of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law;

(c) Election of the members of the International Law Commission;

(d) Election of two members of the Organizational Committee of the Peacebuilding Commission;

(e) Election of fourteen members of the Human Rights Council.

105. Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments:[18]

(f) Appointment of members of the Committee on Conferences;

(g) Appointment of the members of the Consultative Committee of the United Nations Development Fund for Women;

(h) Appointment of members of the Joint Inspection Unit.

106. Admission of new Members to the United Nations.

107. Cooperation between the United Nations and regional and other organizations:

(a) Cooperation between the United Nations and the African Union;

(b) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Asian-African Legal Consultative Organization;

(c) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Association of Southeast Asian Nations;

(d) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Black Sea Economic Cooperation Organization;

(e) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Caribbean Community;

(f) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Community of Portuguese-speaking Countries;

(g) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Council of Europe;

(h) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Economic Community of Central African States;

(i) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Economic Cooperation Organization;

(j) Cooperation between the United Nations and the International Organization of la Francophonie;

(k) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Inter-Parliamentary Union;

(l) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Latin American Economic System;

(m) Cooperation between the United Nations and the League of Arab States;

(n) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons;

(o) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe;

[18] For sub-items (a) to (e), see Fifth Committee.

(p) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of American States;

(q) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference;

(r) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Pacific Islands Forum;

(s) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Preparatory Commission for the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty Organization;

(t) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Southern African Development Community.

108. Implementation of the resolutions of the United Nations.

109. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly (see para. 69 (g)).

110. Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council and related matters.

111. Strengthening of the United Nations system.

112. Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit (see para. 69 (d) and (e)).

113. Multilingualism.

117. Programme planning (see para. 74 (a)).

148. United Nations reform: measures and proposals.[13]

149. International Year of Reconciliation, 2009.

151. Report of the Secretary-General on the Peacebuilding Fund.

153. Follow-up to the recommendations on administrative management and internal oversight of the Independent Inquiry Committee into the United Nations Oil-for-Food Programme.

First Committee

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.

G. Disarmament

81. Reduction of military budgets.

82. Maintenance of international security — good-neighbourliness, stability and development in South-Eastern Europe.

83. Verification in all its aspects, including the role of the United Nations in the field of verification.

84. Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security.

85. Role of science and technology in the context of international security and disarmament.

86. Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East.

87. Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons.

88. Prevention of an arms race in outer space.

89. General and complete disarmament (see para. 70):

(a) Notification of nuclear tests;

(b) Missiles;

(c) Measures to uphold the authority of the 1925 Geneva Protocol;

(d) Mongolia's international security and nuclear-weapon-free status;

(e) Consolidation of peace through practical disarmament measures;

(f) Disarmament and non-proliferation education;

(g) Towards a nuclear-weapon-free world: accelerating the implementation of nuclear disarmament commitments;

(h) Nuclear-weapon-free southern hemisphere and adjacent areas;

(i) Promotion of multilateralism in the area of disarmament and non-proliferation;

(j) Observance of environmental norms in the drafting and implementation of agreements on disarmament and arms control;

(k) Relationship between disarmament and development;

(l) The Hague Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation;

(m) Regional disarmament;

(n) Confidence-building measures in the regional and subregional context;

(o) Transparency and confidence-building measures in outer space activities;

(p) Implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Destruction;

(q) Nuclear disarmament;

(r) Assistance to States for curbing the illicit traffic in small arms and light weapons and collecting them;

(s) Problems arising from the accumulation of conventional ammunition stockpiles in surplus;

(t) Conventional arms control at the regional and subregional levels;

(u) Follow-up to the advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice on the *Legality of the Threat or Use of Nuclear Weapons*;

(v) Measures to prevent terrorists from acquiring weapons of mass destruction;

(w) Reducing nuclear danger;

(x) Implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-personnel Mines and on Their Destruction;

(y) The illicit trade in small arms and light weapons in all its aspects;

(z) Information on confidence-building measures in the field of conventional arms;

(aa) Transparency in armaments;

(bb) Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in Central Asia;

(cc) United Nations conference to identify ways of eliminating nuclear dangers in the context of nuclear disarmament;

(dd) Convening of the fourth special session of the General Assembly devoted to disarmament.

90. Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly:

(a) United Nations disarmament fellowship, training and advisory services;

(b) United Nations Disarmament Information Programme;

(c) United Nations regional centres for peace and disarmament;

(d) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace, Disarmament and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean;

(e) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Asia and the Pacific;

(f) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Africa;

(g) Regional confidence-building measures: activities of the United Nations Standing Advisory Committee on Security Questions in Central Africa;

(h) Convention on the Prohibition of the Use of Nuclear Weapons.

91. Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session:

(a) Advisory Board on Disarmament Matters;

(b) United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research;

(c) Report of the Conference on Disarmament;

(d) Report of the Disarmament Commission.

92. The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East.

93. Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects.

94. Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region.

95. Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty.

96. Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction.

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

109. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly (see para. 69 (g)).

117. Programme planning (see para. 74 (a)).

Special Political and Decolonization Committee (Fourth Committee)

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.

A. Maintenance of international peace and security

27. University for Peace.[19]

28. Effects of atomic radiation.

29. International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space.

30. United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East.

31. Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories.

32. Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects (see para. 71).

33. Questions relating to information.

34. Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories transmitted under Article 73 *e* of the Charter of the United Nations.

35. Economic and other activities which affect the interests of the peoples of the Non-Self-Governing Territories.

36. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations.[20]

37. Offers by Member States of study and training facilities for inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories.

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[19] This item is allocated to the Fourth Committee in accordance with paragraph 4 (k) of the annex to resolution 58/316.

[20] This item is allocated to the Fourth Committee in accordance with paragraph 4 (i) of the annex to resolution 58/316.

38. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples.

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

109. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly (see para. 69 (g)).

117. Programme planning (see para. 74 (a)).

Second Committee

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.

A. Maintenance of international peace and security

39. Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources.

B. Promotion of sustained economic growth and sustainable development in accordance with the resolutions of the General Assembly and recent United Nations conferences

49. Information and communication technologies for development.[21]

50. Macroeconomic policy questions:

(a) International trade and development;

(b) International financial system and development;

(c) External debt crisis and development;

(d) Commodities.

51. Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the International Conference on Financing for Development.

52. Sustainable development:

(a) Implementation of Agenda 21, the Programme for the Further Implementation of Agenda 21 and the outcomes of the World Summit on Sustainable Development;

(b) Follow-up to and implementation of the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States;

(c) International Strategy for Disaster Reduction;

(d) Protection of global climate for present and future generations of mankind;

[21] This item is allocated to the Second Committee in accordance with paragraph 4 (e) of the annex to resolution 58/316.

(e) Implementation of the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in Those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in Africa;

(f) Convention on Biological Diversity;

(g) Report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme on its ninth special session.

53. Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat).

54. Globalization and interdependence:

(a) Globalization and interdependence;

(b) International migration and development (see para. 72 (a));

(c) Culture and development;

(d) Preventing and combating corrupt practices and transfer of assets of illicit origin and returning such assets, in particular to the countries of origin, consistent with the United Nations Convention against Corruption;

(e) Integration of the economies in transition into the world economy.

55. Groups of countries in special situations:

(a) Third United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries (see para. 72 (b));

(b) Specific actions related to the particular needs and problems of landlocked developing countries: outcome of the International Ministerial Conference of Landlocked and Transit Developing Countries and Donor Countries and International Financial and Development Institutions on Transit Transport Cooperation.

56. Eradication of poverty and other development issues:

(a) Implementation of the first United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (1997-2006) (see para. 72 (c));

(b) Industrial development cooperation.

57. Operational activities for development: operational activities for development of the United Nations system.

58. Training and research:

(a) United Nations University;

(b) United Nations Institute for Training and Research.

E. Effective coordination of humanitarian assistance efforts

68. Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance:[22]

(b) Special economic assistance to individual countries or regions;

(c) Participation of volunteers, "White Helmets", in the activities of the United Nations in the field of humanitarian relief, rehabilitation and technical cooperation for development.[23]

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

109. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly (see para. 69 (g)).

117. Programme planning (see para. 74 (a)).

Third Committee

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.

A. Maintenance of international peace and security

40. Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions.

B. Promotion of sustained economic growth and sustainable development in accordance with the resolutions of the General Assembly and recent United Nations conferences

59. Social development:

(a) Implementation of the outcome of the World Summit for Social Development and of the twenty-fourth special session of the General Assembly;

(b) Social development, including questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family;

(c) United Nations Literacy Decade: education for all;

(d) Follow-up to the International Year of Older Persons: Second World Assembly on Ageing.

60. Advancement of women (see para. 73):

(a) Advancement of women;

(b) Implementation of the outcome of the Fourth World Conference on Women and of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly.

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[22] For sub-items (a) and (d), see Plenary meetings.

[23] This sub-item is allocated to the Second Committee in accordance with paragraph 4 (g) of the annex to resolution 58/316.

D. Promotion of human rights

62. Promotion and protection of the rights of children:

(a) Promotion and protection of the rights of children;

(b) Follow-up to the outcome of the special session on children.

63. Indigenous issues:

(a) Indigenous issues;

(b) Second International Decade of the World's Indigenous People.

64. Elimination of racism and racial discrimination:

(a) Elimination of racism and racial discrimination;

(b) Comprehensive implementation of and follow-up to the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action.

65. Right of peoples to self-determination.

66. Promotion and protection of human rights:

(a) Implementation of human rights instruments;

(b) Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms;

(c) Human rights situations and reports of special rapporteurs and representatives;

(d) Comprehensive implementation of and follow-up to the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action.

H. Drug control, crime prevention and combating international terrorism in all its forms and manifestations

97. Crime prevention and criminal justice.

98. International drug control.

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

109. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly (see para. 69 (g)).

117. Programme planning (see para. 74 (a)).

Fifth Committee

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.

B. Promotion of sustained economic growth and sustainable development in accordance with the resolutions of the General Assembly and recent United Nations conferences

46. Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields (see para. 69 (c)-(e)).

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

105. Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments:[24]

(a) Appointment of members of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;

(b) Appointment of members of the Committee on Contributions;

(c) Confirmation of the appointment of members of the Investments Committee;

(d) Appointment of members of the United Nations Administrative Tribunal;

(e) Appointment of members of the International Civil Service Commission:

(i) Appointment of members of the Commission;

(ii) Designation of the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman of the Commission.

109. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly (see para. 69 (g)).

112. Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit (see para. 69 (d) and (e)).

114. Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors:

(a) United Nations;

(b) United Nations Development Programme;

(c) United Nations Children's Fund;

(d) United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East;

(e) United Nations Institute for Training and Research;

(f) Voluntary funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;

(g) Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme;

(h) United Nations Population Fund;

(i) United Nations Human Settlements Programme;

(j) Fund of the United Nations International Drug Control Programme;

(k) United Nations Office for Project Services;

(l) International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991;

(m) International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations

[24] For sub-items (f) to (h), see Plenary meetings.

Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994;

(n) Capital master plan.

115. Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations.

116. Programme budget for the biennium 2006-2007.

117. Programme planning (see para. 74 (a)).

118. Improving the financial situation of the United Nations.

119. Administrative and budgetary coordination of the United Nations with the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency.

120. Pattern of conferences.

121. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations.

122. Human resources management.

123. Joint Inspection Unit.

124. United Nations common system.

125. United Nations pension system.

126. Report on the activities of the Office of Internal Oversight Services.

127. Administration of justice at the United Nations (see para. 74 (b)).

128. Financing of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994.

129. Financing of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991.

130. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of United Nations peacekeeping operations.

131. Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations.

132. Financing of the United Nations Operation in Burundi.

133. Financing of the United Nations Operation in Côte d'Ivoire.

134. Financing of the United Nations Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus.

135. Financing of the United Nations Organization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

136. Financing of the United Nations Mission in East Timor.

137. Financing of the United Nations Mission of Support in East Timor.

138. Financing of the United Nations Mission in Ethiopia and Eritrea.

139. Financing of the United Nations Observer Mission in Georgia.

140. Financing of the United Nations Stabilization Mission in Haiti.

141. Financing of the United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo.

142. Financing of the United Nations Mission in Liberia.

143. Financing of the United Nations peacekeeping forces in the Middle East:

(a) United Nations Disengagement Observer Force;

(b) United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon.

144. Financing of the United Nations Mission in Sierra Leone.

145. Financing of the United Nations Mission in the Sudan.

146. Financing of the United Nations Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

148. United Nations reform: measures and proposals (see para. 69 (e)).[13]

150. Financing of the United Nations Integrated Mission in Timor-Leste.

Sixth Committee

5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.

A. Maintenance of international peace and security

32. Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects (see para. 71).

F. Promotion of justice and international law

74. Status of the Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and relating to the protection of victims of armed conflicts.

75. Consideration of effective measures to enhance the protection, security and safety of diplomatic and consular missions and representatives.

76. Report of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law on the work of its thirty-ninth session.

77. Report of the International Law Commission on the work of its fifty-eighth session.

78. Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization.

79. The rule of law at the national and international levels.

H. Drug control, crime prevention and combating international terrorism in all its forms and manifestations

99. Measures to eliminate international terrorism.

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

109. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly (see para. 69 (g)).

117. Programme planning (see para. 74 (a)).

127. Administration of justice at the United Nations (see para. 74 (b)).

147. Report of the Committee on Relations with the Host Country.

152. Requests for observer status in the General Assembly.

United Nations A/61/250/Add.1

General Assembly

Distr.: General
18 October 2006

Original: English

Sixty-first session

Organization of the sixty-first regular session of the General Assembly, adoption of the agenda and allocation of items

Second report of the General Committee

1. At its 3rd meeting, on 18 October 2006, the General Committee considered a request submitted by Saint Lucia (A/61/233) for the inclusion in the agenda of an additional item entitled:

> "Commemoration of the two-hundredth anniversary of the abolition of the trans-Atlantic slave trade".

In this connection, the General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item:

(a) Be included in the agenda under heading I (Organizational, administrative and other matters);

(b) Be considered directly in plenary meeting.

2. At the same meeting, the General Committee considered a request submitted by the Secretary-General (A/61/234) for the inclusion in the agenda of an additional item entitled:

> "Extension of the terms of the ad litem judges of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994".

In this connection, the General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that the item:

(a) Be included in the agenda under heading I (Organizational, administrative and other matters);

(b) Be considered directly in plenary meeting.

06-57745 (E) 181006

United Nations A/61/250/Add.2

General Assembly

Distr.: General
25 October 2006

Original: English

Sixty-first session

Organization of the sixty-first regular session of the General Assembly, adoption of the agenda and allocation of items

Third report of the General Committee

At its 4th meeting, on 25 October 2006, the General Committee decided to recommend to the General Assembly that agenda item 68, entitled "Report of the Human Rights Council", be considered in plenary meeting and in the Third Committee, on the understanding that the Third Committee would consider and act on all recommendations of the Human Rights Council to the General Assembly, including those that deal with the development of international law in the field of human rights. Taking into account this recommendation, the General Assembly in plenary meeting would consider the annual report of the Human Rights Council on its activities for the year. This division of work was agreed upon with the understanding that this arrangement is owing to the fact that the Human Rights Council only commenced its work in June 2006. It is also understood that the current arrangement is in no way a reinterpretation of General Assembly resolution 60/251 and will be reviewed before the beginning of the sixty-second session of the General Assembly, on the basis of the experience gained with the efficiency and practicality of this arrangement.

06-58518 (E) 251006

United Nations A/61/251

General Assembly

Distr.: General
14 September 2006

Original: English

Sixty-first session

Agenda of the sixty-first session of the General Assembly*

Adopted by the General Assembly at its 2nd plenary meeting, on 13 September 2006

1. Opening of the session by the President of the General Assembly.
2. Minute of silent prayer or meditation.
3. Credentials of representatives to the sixty-first session of the General Assembly:
   (a) Appointment of the members of the Credentials Committee;
   (b) Report of the Credentials Committee.
4. Election of the President of the General Assembly.[1]
5. Election of the officers of the Main Committees.[1]
6. Election of the Vice-Presidents of the General Assembly.[1]
7. Organization of work, adoption of the agenda and allocation of items: reports of the General Committee.
8. General debate.

A. Maintenance of international peace and security

9. Report of the Security Council.
10. The role of diamonds in fuelling conflict.
11. Prevention of armed conflict.

* Organized under headings corresponding to the priorities of the Organization.

[1] In accordance with rule 30 of the rules of procedure, as amended by resolution 56/509 of 8 July 2002, the General Assembly will hold these elections for its sixty-second session at least three months before the opening of that session.

06-52479 (E) 180906

12. The situation in Central America: progress in fashioning a region of peace, freedom, democracy and development.[2]

13. The situation in the Middle East.

14. Question of Palestine.

15. Zone of peace and cooperation of the South Atlantic.

16. The situation in Afghanistan.

17. The situation in the occupied territories of Azerbaijan.

18. Necessity of ending the economic, commercial and financial embargo imposed by the United States of America against Cuba.

19. Question of Cyprus.[2]

20. Armed aggression against the Democratic Republic of the Congo.[2]

21. Question of the Falkland Islands (Malvinas).[2]

22. The situation of democracy and human rights in Haiti.[2]

23. Armed Israeli aggression against the Iraqi nuclear installations and its grave consequences for the established international system concerning the peaceful uses of nuclear energy, the non-proliferation of nuclear weapons and international peace and security.[2]

24. Consequences of the Iraqi occupation of and aggression against Kuwait.[2]

25. Declaration of the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity on the aerial and naval military attack against the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya by the present United States Administration in April 1986.[2]

26. Report of the Peacebuilding Commission.

27. Protracted conflicts in the GUAM area and their implications for international peace, security and development.

28. University for Peace.

29. Effects of atomic radiation.

30. International cooperation in the peaceful uses of outer space.

31. United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East.

32. Report of the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Palestinian People and Other Arabs of the Occupied Territories.

33. Comprehensive review of the whole question of peacekeeping operations in all their aspects.

34. Questions relating to information.

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[2] This item remains on the agenda for consideration upon notification by a Member State.

35. Information from Non-Self-Governing Territories transmitted under Article 73 *e* of the Charter of the United Nations.

36. Economic and other activities which affect the interests of the peoples of the Non-Self-Governing Territories.

37. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples by the specialized agencies and the international institutions associated with the United Nations.

38. Offers by Member States of study and training facilities for inhabitants of Non-Self-Governing Territories.

39. Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples.

40. Permanent sovereignty of the Palestinian people in the Occupied Palestinian Territory, including East Jerusalem, and of the Arab population in the occupied Syrian Golan over their natural resources.

41. Report of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, questions relating to refugees, returnees and displaced persons and humanitarian questions.

B. Promotion of sustained economic growth and sustainable development in accordance with the relevant resolutions of the General Assembly and recent United Nations conferences

42. Report of the Economic and Social Council.

43. Return or restitution of cultural property to the countries of origin.

44. Culture of peace.

45. The role of the United Nations in promoting a new global human order.

46. Follow-up to the outcome of the twenty-sixth special session: implementation of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS.

47. Integrated and coordinated implementation of and follow-up to the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and related fields.

48. 2001-2010: Decade to Roll Back Malaria in Developing Countries, Particularly in Africa.

49. Sport for peace and development.

50. Information and communication technologies for development.

51. Macroeconomic policy questions:

    (a) International trade and development;

    (b) International financial system and development;

    (c) External debt crisis and development;

    (d) Commodities.

52. Follow-up to and implementation of the outcome of the International Conference on Financing for Development.

53. Sustainable development:

    (a) Implementation of Agenda 21, the Programme for the Further Implementation of Agenda 21 and the outcomes of the World Summit on Sustainable Development;

    (b) Follow-up to and implementation of the Mauritius Strategy for the Further Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States;

    (c) International Strategy for Disaster Reduction;

    (d) Protection of global climate for present and future generations of mankind;

    (e) Implementation of the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in Those Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in Africa;

    (f) Convention on Biological Diversity;

    (g) Report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme on its ninth special session.

54. Implementation of the outcome of the United Nations Conference on Human Settlements (Habitat II) and strengthening of the United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat).

55. Globalization and interdependence:

    (a) Globalization and interdependence;

    (b) International migration and development;

    (c) Culture and development;

    (d) Preventing and combating corrupt practices and transfer of assets of illicit origin and returning such assets, in particular to the countries of origin, consistent with the United Nations Convention against Corruption;

    (e) Integration of the economies in transition into the world economy.

56. Groups of countries in special situations:

    (a) Third United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries;

    (b) Specific actions related to the particular needs and problems of landlocked developing countries: outcome of the International Ministerial Conference of Landlocked and Transit Developing Countries and Donor Countries and International Financial and Development Institutions on Transit Transport Cooperation.

57. Eradication of poverty and other development issues:

    (a) Implementation of the first United Nations Decade for the Eradication of Poverty (1997-2006);

(b) Industrial development cooperation.

58. Operational activities for development: operational activities for development of the United Nations system.

59. Training and research:

(a) United Nations University;

(b) United Nations Institute for Training and Research.

60. Social development:

(a) Implementation of the outcome of the World Summit for Social Development and of the twenty-fourth special session of the General Assembly;

(b) Social development, including questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family;

(c) United Nations Literacy Decade: education for all;

(d) Follow-up to the International Year of Older Persons: Second World Assembly on Ageing.

61. Advancement of women:

(a) Advancement of women;

(b) Implementation of the outcome of the Fourth World Conference on Women and of the twenty-third special session of the General Assembly.

C. Development of Africa

62. New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support:

(a) New Partnership for Africa's Development: progress in implementation and international support;

(b) Causes of conflict and the promotion of durable peace and sustainable development in Africa.

D. Promotion of human rights

63. Promotion and protection of the rights of children:

(a) Promotion and protection of the rights of children;

(b) Follow-up to the outcome of the special session on children.

64. Indigenous issues:

(a) Indigenous issues;

(b) Second International Decade of the World's Indigenous People.

65. Elimination of racism and racial discrimination:

(a) Elimination of racism and racial discrimination;

(b) Comprehensive implementation of and follow-up to the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action.

66. Right of peoples to self-determination.

67. Promotion and protection of human rights:

(a) Implementation of human rights instruments;

(b) Human rights questions, including alternative approaches for improving the effective enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms;

(c) Human rights situations and reports of special rapporteurs and representatives;

(d) Comprehensive implementation of and follow-up to the Vienna Declaration and Programme of Action.

68. Report of the Human Rights Council.

E. Effective coordination of humanitarian assistance efforts

69. Strengthening of the coordination of humanitarian and disaster relief assistance of the United Nations, including special economic assistance:

(a) Strengthening of the coordination of emergency humanitarian assistance of the United Nations;

(b) Special economic assistance to individual countries or regions;

(c) Participation of volunteers, "White Helmets", in the activities of the United Nations in the field of humanitarian relief, rehabilitation and technical cooperation for development;

(d) Assistance to the Palestinian people.

F. Promotion of justice and international law

70. Report of the International Court of Justice.

71. Oceans and the law of the sea:

(a) Oceans and the law of the sea;

(b) Sustainable fisheries, including through the 1995 Agreement for the Implementation of the Provisions of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea of 10 December 1982 relating to the Conservation and Management of Straddling Fish Stocks and Highly Migratory Fish Stocks, and related instruments.

72. Report of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994.

73. Report of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991.

74. Report of the International Criminal Court.

75. Status of the Protocols Additional to the Geneva Conventions of 1949 and relating to the protection of victims of armed conflicts.

76. Consideration of effective measures to enhance the protection, security and safety of diplomatic and consular missions and representatives.

77. Report of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law on the work of its thirty-ninth session.

78. Report of the International Law Commission on the work of its fifty-eighth session.

79. Report of the Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization.

80. The rule of law at the national and international levels.

G. Disarmament

81. Report of the International Atomic Energy Agency.

82. Reduction of military budgets.

83. Maintenance of international security — good-neighbourliness, stability and development in South-Eastern Europe.

84. Verification in all its aspects, including the role of the United Nations in the field of verification.

85. Developments in the field of information and telecommunications in the context of international security.

86. Role of science and technology in the context of international security and disarmament.

87. Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East.

88. Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons.

89. Prevention of an arms race in outer space.

90. General and complete disarmament:

    (a) Notification of nuclear tests;

    (b) Missiles;

    (c) Measures to uphold the authority of the 1925 Geneva Protocol;

    (d) Mongolia's international security and nuclear-weapon-free status;

    (e) Consolidation of peace through practical disarmament measures;

    (f) Disarmament and non-proliferation education;

(g) Towards a nuclear-weapon-free world: accelerating the implementation of nuclear disarmament commitments;

(h) Nuclear-weapon-free southern hemisphere and adjacent areas;

(i) Promotion of multilateralism in the area of disarmament and non-proliferation;

(j) Observance of environmental norms in the drafting and implementation of agreements on disarmament and arms control;

(k) Relationship between disarmament and development;

(l) The Hague Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation;

(m) Regional disarmament;

(n) Confidence-building measures in the regional and subregional context;

(o) Transparency and confidence-building measures in outer space activities;

(p) Implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production, Stockpiling and Use of Chemical Weapons and on Their Destruction;

(q) Nuclear disarmament;

(r) Assistance to States for curbing the illicit traffic in small arms and light weapons and collecting them;

(s) Problems arising from the accumulation of conventional ammunition stockpiles in surplus;

(t) Conventional arms control at the regional and subregional levels;

(u) Follow-up to the advisory opinion of the International Court of Justice on the *Legality of the Threat or Use of Nuclear Weapons*;

(v) Measures to prevent terrorists from acquiring weapons of mass destruction;

(w) Reducing nuclear danger;

(x) Implementation of the Convention on the Prohibition of the Use, Stockpiling, Production and Transfer of Anti-personnel Mines and on Their Destruction;

(y) The illicit trade in small arms and light weapons in all its aspects;

(z) Information on confidence-building measures in the field of conventional arms;

(aa) Transparency in armaments;

(bb) Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in Central Asia;

(cc) United Nations conference to identify ways of eliminating nuclear dangers in the context of nuclear disarmament;

(dd) Convening of the fourth special session of the General Assembly devoted to disarmament.

91. Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the Twelfth Special Session of the General Assembly:

    (a) United Nations disarmament fellowship, training and advisory services;

    (b) United Nations Disarmament Information Programme;

    (c) United Nations regional centres for peace and disarmament;

    (d) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace, Disarmament and Development in Latin America and the Caribbean;

    (e) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Asia and the Pacific;

    (f) United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Africa;

    (g) Regional confidence-building measures: activities of the United Nations Standing Advisory Committee on Security Questions in Central Africa;

    (h) Convention on the Prohibition of the Use of Nuclear Weapons.

92. Review of the implementation of the recommendations and decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its tenth special session:

    (a) Advisory Board on Disarmament Matters;

    (b) United Nations Institute for Disarmament Research;

    (c) Report of the Conference on Disarmament;

    (d) Report of the Disarmament Commission.

93. The risk of nuclear proliferation in the Middle East.

94. Convention on Prohibitions or Restrictions on the Use of Certain Conventional Weapons Which May Be Deemed to Be Excessively Injurious or to Have Indiscriminate Effects.

95. Strengthening of security and cooperation in the Mediterranean region.

96. Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty.

97. Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction.

H. Drug control, crime prevention and combating international terrorism in all its forms and manifestations

98. Crime prevention and criminal justice.

99. International drug control.

100. Measures to eliminate international terrorism.

I. Organizational, administrative and other matters

101. Notification by the Secretary-General under Article 12, paragraph 2, of the Charter of the United Nations.

102. Report of the Secretary-General on the work of the Organization.

103. Elections to fill vacancies in principal organs:

(a) Election of five non-permanent members of the Security Council;

(b) Election of eighteen members of the Economic and Social Council.

104. Appointment of the Secretary-General of the United Nations.

105. Elections to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other elections:

(a) Election of seven members of the Committee for Programme and Coordination;

(b) Election of thirty members of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law;

(c) Election of the members of the International Law Commission;

(d) Election of two members of the Organizational Committee of the Peacebuilding Commission;

(e) Election of fourteen members of the Human Rights Council.

106. Appointments to fill vacancies in subsidiary organs and other appointments:

(a) Appointment of members of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions;

(b) Appointment of members of the Committee on Contributions;

(c) Confirmation of the appointment of members of the Investments Committee;

(d) Appointment of members of the United Nations Administrative Tribunal;

(e) Appointment of members of the International Civil Service Commission:

(i) Appointment of members of the Commission;

(ii) Designation of the Chairman and the Vice-Chairman of the Commission;

(f) Appointment of members of the Committee on Conferences;

(g) Appointment of the members of the Consultative Committee of the United Nations Development Fund for Women;

(h) Appointment of members of the Joint Inspection Unit.

107. Admission of new Members to the United Nations.

108. Cooperation between the United Nations and regional and other organizations:

(a) Cooperation between the United Nations and the African Union;

(b) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Asian-African Legal Consultative Organization;

(c) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Association of Southeast Asian Nations;

(d) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Black Sea Economic Cooperation Organization;

(e) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Caribbean Community;

(f) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Community of Portuguese-speaking Countries;

(g) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Council of Europe;

(h) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Economic Community of Central African States;

(i) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Economic Cooperation Organization;

(j) Cooperation between the United Nations and the International Organization of la Francophonie;

(k) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Inter-Parliamentary Union;

(l) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Latin American Economic System;

(m) Cooperation between the United Nations and the League of Arab States;

(n) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons;

(o) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe;

(p) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of American States;

(q) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference;

(r) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Pacific Islands Forum;

(s) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Preparatory Commission for the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty Organization;

(t) Cooperation between the United Nations and the Southern African Development Community.

109. Implementation of the resolutions of the United Nations.

110. Revitalization of the work of the General Assembly.

111. Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council and related matters.

112. Strengthening of the United Nations system.

113. Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit.

114. Multilingualism.

115. Financial reports and audited financial statements, and reports of the Board of Auditors:

(a) United Nations;

(b) United Nations Development Programme;

(c) United Nations Children's Fund;

(d) United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East;

(e) United Nations Institute for Training and Research;

(f) Voluntary funds administered by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees;

(g) Fund of the United Nations Environment Programme;

(h) United Nations Population Fund;

(i) United Nations Human Settlements Programme;

(j) Fund of the United Nations International Drug Control Programme;

(k) United Nations Office for Project Services;

(l) International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991;

(m) International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994;

(n) Capital master plan.

116. Review of the efficiency of the administrative and financial functioning of the United Nations.

117. Programme budget for the biennium 2006-2007.

118. Programme planning.

119. Improving the financial situation of the United Nations.

120. Administrative and budgetary coordination of the United Nations with the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency.

121. Pattern of conferences.

122. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of the United Nations.

123. Human resources management.

124. Joint Inspection Unit.

125. United Nations common system.

126. United Nations pension system.

127. Report on the activities of the Office of Internal Oversight Services.

128. Administration of justice at the United Nations.

129. Financing of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994.

130. Financing of the International Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of the Former Yugoslavia since 1991.

131. Scale of assessments for the apportionment of the expenses of United Nations peacekeeping operations.

132. Administrative and budgetary aspects of the financing of the United Nations peacekeeping operations.

133. Financing of the United Nations Operation in Burundi.

134. Financing of the United Nations Operation in Côte d'Ivoire.

135. Financing of the United Nations Peacekeeping Force in Cyprus.

136. Financing of the United Nations Organization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo.

137. Financing of the United Nations Mission in East Timor.

138. Financing of the United Nations Mission of Support in East Timor.

139. Financing of the United Nations Mission in Ethiopia and Eritrea.

140. Financing of the United Nations Observer Mission in Georgia

141. Financing of the United Nations Stabilization Mission in Haiti.

142. Financing of the United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo.

143. Financing of the United Nations Mission in Liberia.

144. Financing of the United Nations peacekeeping forces in the Middle East:

(a) United Nations Disengagement Observer Force;

(b) United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon.

145. Financing of the United Nations Mission in Sierra Leone.

146. Financing of the United Nations Mission in the Sudan.

147. Financing of the United Nations Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara.

148. Report of the Committee on Relations with the Host Country.

149. United Nations reform: measures and proposals.[3]

150. International Year of Reconciliation, 2009.

151. Financing of the United Nations Integrated Mission in Timor-Leste.

152. Report of the Secretary-General on the Peacebuilding Fund.

153. Requests for observer status in the General Assembly.

154. Follow-up to the recommendations on administrative management and internal oversight of the Independent Inquiry Committee into the United Nations Oil-for-Food Programme.

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[3] At its fifty-fifth session, the General Assembly decided that this item should be considered biennially as from the fifty-sixth session (resolution 55/285 of 7 September 2001). The item has been included in the agenda of the sixty-first session as a result of the adoption of resolutions 60/260 of 8 May 2006 and 60/283 of 7 July 2006 and decision 60/551 C of 7 July 2006.

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Agenda of the sixty-first session of the General Assembly

Addendum

At its 38th plenary meeting, on 20 October 2006, the General Assembly, on the recommendation of the General Committee (A/61/250/Add.1), decided to include in the agenda of its sixty-first session under heading I (Organizational, administrative and other matters) the following items:

155. Commemoration of the two-hundredth anniversary of the abolition of the trans-Atlantic slave trade.

156. Extension of the terms of the ad litem judges of the International Criminal Tribunal for the Prosecution of Persons Responsible for Genocide and Other Serious Violations of International Humanitarian Law Committed in the Territory of Rwanda and Rwandan Citizens Responsible for Genocide and Other Such Violations Committed in the Territory of Neighbouring States between 1 January and 31 December 1994.

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